

An aerial photograph of a large crowd of people gathered on a cobblestone street. Many individuals are holding open umbrellas in a wide variety of colors, including red, blue, yellow, green, purple, and black. The scene is dense, with the umbrellas creating a colorful mosaic against the grey stone pavement. The text 'WTO webinar International trade and cross-border data exchange' is overlaid in the center-right of the image.

WTO webinar
International trade
and cross-border data
exchange



Agenda

- Who we are
- Vodafone's data value chain
- The data opportunity
- Our data principles
- Policy interventions to enable cross-border data flows
- Visions of the future





We connect for
a better future



We manage our business across two geographic regions – Europe, and Rest of the World ('RoW')

Operations in 25 countries

We are the number one or two mobile operator in most of our operations and we are Europe's largest NGN provider.

Europe

Fixed and mobile in 11 out of 13 markets.

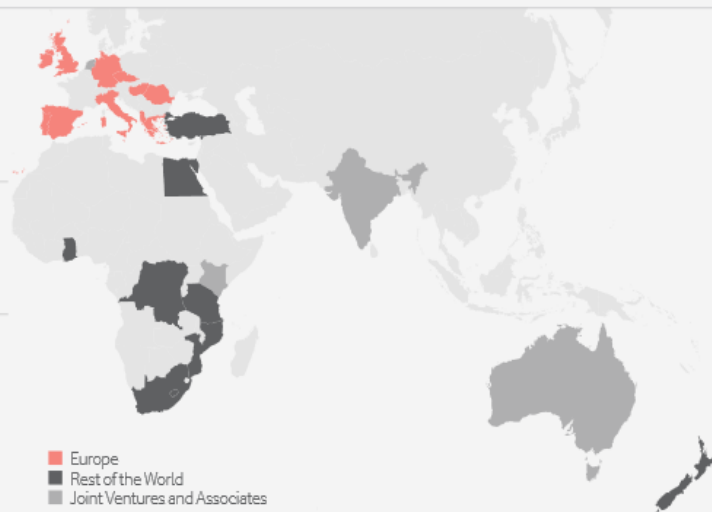
Albania¹, Czech Republic, Germany, Greece, Hungary¹, Ireland, Italy, Malta, Netherlands (joint venture), Portugal, Romania, Spain, UK.

Rest of the world

4G in all markets, M-Pesa in 8 out of 12 markets.

Emerging: Egypt², Ghana², Turkey, Vodacom Group (South Africa, Tanzania², Democratic Republic of Congo², Mozambique², Lesotho²).

Other: New Zealand, Australia (joint venture), India² (joint venture), Kenya² (associate).



Notes:

1 Mobile services only. 2 M-Pesa services available.

Worldwide service reach

41

partner markets

To extend our reach beyond the companies we own, we have partnership agreements with local operators in 41 countries.

74

countries with IP-VPN

We are among the top five internet providers globally and one of the largest operators of submarine cables.

168

countries with 4G roaming coverage

Our leading global 4G roaming footprint serves twice as many destinations as the next best local competitor in most of our markets.



Strategic highlights



Deepening customer engagement

 20 [Read more](#)

Europe

6th consecutive

quarter of improved customer loyalty

churn down 1pp year-on-year
in mobile contract

+1.4 million

NGN broadband net additions

7.2 million

Converged consumer customers

Africa

+7.0 million

Data users

2.0GB

Average smartphone data usage

+4.4 million

M-Pesa customers

(44% of mobile customers using M-Pesa)

Business

+3.3%

Fixed-line service revenue growth

103 million
IoT SIMs

+23% year-on-year

Amazon Web Services agreement

first mover for mobile edge computing
in Europe



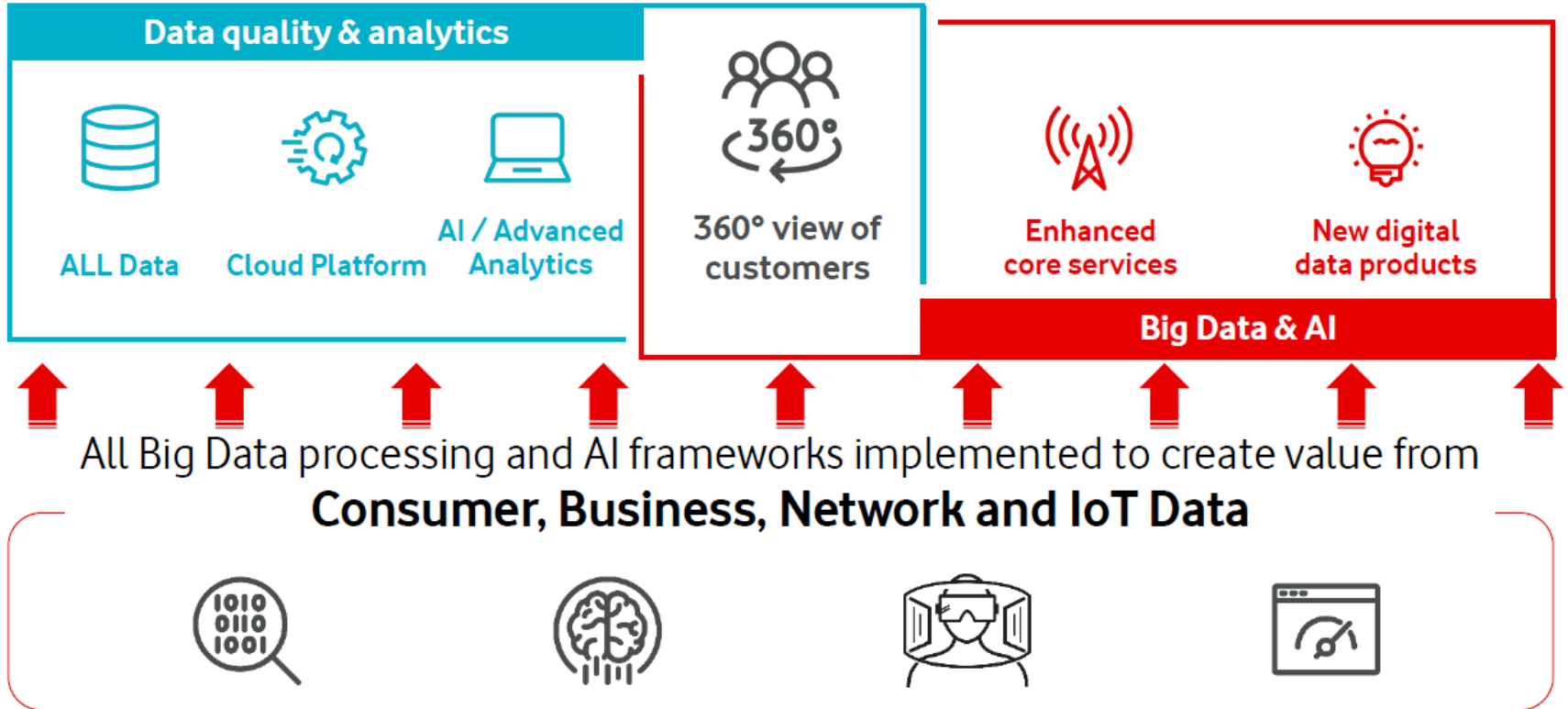
Key dimensions and data types

Dimensions	Data Types		
	Volunteered	Observed	Inferred
Personal	Private		Public
	Identified	Pseudonymised	
	Anonymous		Machine Data
Non-Personal	Instant/Live		Historic
Timeliness	Structured		Unstructured
Format			



Internal data transformation

External data monetization



Our data principles

- In November 2019, Vodafone published a set of Data Principles, that we believe should underpin data sharing and reuse and thereby stimulate the European data economy. The principles were based around the Finnish Council presidency Data Principles and comprised the following elements:

Presumption of
access on
sustainable terms

Voluntary
measures to
incentivise
sharing

Consumer-centric
policy to put
users in charge of
their data

Innovation first
approach to
policy and
regulation

Trustworthy by
design
technology
platforms



Visions of the future

- A more fragmented/balkanised global data landscape with three main spheres of influence (EU, US, China): What does this mean for global technology supply chains that have come to depend on the seamless international transfer of data
- Will we witness greater localisation of data, further data sovereignty mandates and how will this be managed by international firms?
- What assistance will be put in place for private companies being asked to arbitrate between international data jurisdictions. Are we witnessing the privatisation of data governance?
- What role for international institutions such as the WTO, OECD and UN to act as a bulwark against increased fragmentation? Will this give eCommerce negotiations renewed impetus and precipitate a global treaty underpinning cross border data transfer?

